

[54] MULTIFOCAL OPHTHALMIC LENS

[75] Inventor: Maurice Dufour, Paris, France

[73] Assignee: Essilor International (Compagnie Générale d'Optique), France

[21] Appl. No.: 210,667

[22] Filed: Jun. 23, 1988

[30] Foreign Application Priority Data

Jul. 7, 1987 [FR] France 87 09613

[51] Int. Cl.⁴ G02C 7/06

[52] U.S. Cl. 351/169

[58] Field of Search 351/168, 169, 170, 171, 351/172

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,315,673 2/1982 Guilino et al. 351/169
4,676,610 6/1987 Barkan et al. 351/169

Primary Examiner—Rodney B. Bovernick

Assistant Examiner—Scott J. Sugarman

[57] ABSTRACT

In this lens, the curvature of the main meridian curve of power progression (MP) begins to vary from a point (A3) situated within the intermediate vision zone (VI) at a predetermined distance d1 from the point (A1) on the main meridian curve (MP) situated at the bottom of the far vision zone (VL), and it continues to vary down to a point (A4) situated in the near vision zone (VP) on an extension (MP') of the main meridian curve (MP), and at a predetermined distance d2 from the point (A2) on the main meridian curve (MP) situated at the top of the near vision zone (VP), with the curvature difference between the points (A2 and A4) having a predetermined value ΔC. The values of d1, d2, and ΔC are decreasing functions of the power addition A between the points (A1 and A2).

4 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets

